# Mahakaushal University, Jabalpur (M.P.)



Scheme & Syllabus

For

**B.Sc. with Research/honors** 

**Physics** 

2022-23

**Duration of Course: 4 Years** 

**Examination Mode: Semester** 

**Examination System: CBCS** 

Mahakaushal University Village-Aithakheda, Mukunwara Road, Post- Tilwara Jabalpur (M.P.) 482003

# **Credit Distribution**

SEMESTER SYSTEM					Credits Required						
			Sem	MJ	MI	DSE	GEC/	AECC	SEC	FW	Total
							OEC		SB/VB		Credit
Laval 5	Cartificate	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Pass	Ι	6	6		4	4			20
Level 5	Certificate	(Sem I+Sem II)	II	6	6		4	4			20
	Dialama	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Pass	III	6	6		4		4		20
Levelo	Diploma	(Sem III+Sem IV)	IV	6	6		4		4		20
Level 7 Degree	Dearras	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Pass	V	6		4			4	6	20
	Degree	(Sem V+Sem VI)	VI	6		8				6	20
Level 8 Honors/ Research	4 <sup>th</sup> Year Pass	VII	6	4	4				6	20	
	Research	(Sem VII+Sem VIII)	VIII	6	4					10	20
	Total Credit			48	32	16	16	8	12	28	160

SEMESTER SYSTEM					Credits Required					
			MJ	MI	DSE	GEC/ OEC	AECC	SEC SB/VB	FW	Total Credit
Level 5	Certificate	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Pass	12	12		8	8			40
Level 6	Diploma	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Pass	12	12		8		8		40
Level 7	Degree	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Pass	12		12			4	12	40
Level 8	Honors/ Research	4 <sup>th</sup> Year Pass	12	8	4				16	40
	Total Credit		48	32	16	16	8	12	28	160

# For Regular Students Course Duration:

Min. Years for Completing UG Degree	3 Years
Min Years for Completing UG (Hons.) Degree	4 Years
Maximum Years for Completing UG Degree	6 Years
Max Years for Completing UG (Hons.) Degree	8 Years

	Faculty of Science									
	Major: Physics									
				Open		SH	EC	FW		
Sem	Major	Minor	DSE	Elective/ Generic Elective	AECC	Skill Based	Value Based		Total Credits	
1	MJ-I (4+2)	MN-I (4+2)		OEC-I (4)	AECC-I (4)				20	
2	MJ-II (4+2)	MN-II (4+2)		OEC-II (4)	AECC-II (4)				20	
3	MJ-III (4+2)	MN-III (4+2)		OEC-III (4)		SECSB-I (4)			20	
4	MJ-IV (4+2)	MN-IV (4+2)		OEC-IV (4)		SECSB-II (4)			20	
5	MJ-V (4+2)		DSE-I (4)				SECVB (4)	Field Work (6)	20	
6	MJ-VI (4+2)		DSE-II (4) DSE-III (4)					Internship (6)	20	
7	MJ-VII (4+2)	MN-V (4)	DSE-IV (4)					Minor Project (6)	20	
8	MJ-VIII (4+2)	MN-VI (4)						Major Research Project (10)	20	
Total Credits	48	32	16	16	8	8	4	28	160	

# Major/Minor

<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Paper	Credits
BPHY101T	MJ/MI	Mathematical Physics-I	4
BPHY101P	MJ/MI	Physics Lab-I	2
BPHY201T	MJ/MI	Mechanics	4
BPHY201P	MJ/MI	Mechanics Lab	2
BPHY301T	MJ/MI	Electricity and Magnetism	4
BPHY301P	MJ/MI	Electricity and Magnetism Lab	2
BPHY401T	MJ/MI	Waves and Optics	4
BPHY401P	MJ/MI	Waves and Optics	2
BPHY501T	MJ/MI	Mathematical Physics–II	4
BPHY501P	MJ	Physics Lab–II	2
BPHY601T	MJ/MI	Thermal Physics	4
BPHY601P	MJ	Thermal Physics Lab	2
BPHY701T	MJ	Digital Systems and Applications	4
BPHY701P	MJ	Digital Systems and Applications Lab	2
BPHY801T	MJ	Mathematical Physics III	4
BPHY801P	MJ	Physics Lab–III	2

# **Department Specific Elective**

BPHY101D-I	DSE	Elements of Modern Physics	4
BPHY101D-II	DSE	Analog Systems and Applications	4
BPHY102D-I	DSE	Quantum Mechanics and Applications	4
BPHY102D-II	DSE	Solid State Physics	4
BPHY103D-I	DSE	Electromagnetic Theory	4
BPHY103D-II	DSE	Statistical Mechanics	4
BPHY104D-I	DSE	Experimental Techniques	4
BPHY104D-II	DSE	Embedded systems- Introduction to Microcontroller	4

# Skill Enhancement Course (Skill Based) (Any Two)

<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Paper	Credits
BPHY101SB	SEC-SB	Physics Workshop Skills	4
BPHY102SB	SEC-SB	Electrical circuits and Network Skills	4
BPHY103SB	SEC-SB	Renewable Energy and Energy harvesting	4
BPHY104SB	SEC-SB	Applied Optics	4
BPHY105SB	SEC-SB	Weather Forecasting	4

<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Paper	Credits
OECC101-I	OEC	Fundamental of Computer	4
OECC101-II	OEC	Environmental Studies	4
OECC102-I	OEC	Entrepreneurship	4
OECC102-II	OEC	Principle of Management	4
OECC103-I	OEC	Nutrition and Fitness	4
OECC103-II	OEC	Current Concerns in Public Health Nutrition	4
OECC104-I	OEC	Travel and Tourism	4
OECC104-II	OEC	Tourism Operation Software Skills	4

# **Open Elective Compulsory Course/ Generic Elective Compulsory Course**

## **Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course**

<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Paper	Credits
AECC101	AECC	English Language-I	4
AECC102	AECC	English Language-II	4

# Skill Enhancement Course (Value Based) (Any One)

<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Paper	Credits
SECVB101	SEC-VB	Constitution of India	4
SECVB102	SEC-VB	Yoga in Life	4
SECVB103	SEC-VB	National Service Scheme (NSS)	4
SECVB104	SEC-VB	Health & Wellness	4
SECVB105	SEC-VB	Sports	4

## **Field Work**

<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Paper/Description	Credits
BFWF-501	FW	Field work is the process of observing and collecting data about people, cultures, and natural environments.	6
BFWI-601	FW	The aim of the internship provides a direction to the activities, helps to focus on a result, and to assess the result achieved.	6
BFWP-701	FW	The objective of the minor project is to provide an opportunity for students to undertake short research training outside the classroom to solve real-world issues.	6
BFWR-801	FW	Project objectives describe the desired outcome of a project, which is often a tangible object. It's beneficial to create objectives for your project because creating a specific goal for you helps everyone know what they're supposed to be working toward.	10

## **BPHY101T: Mathematical Physics-I**

## L T P 4 0 2

## Unit-I

## (20 Lectures)

**Calculus:** Recapitulation: Limits, continuity, average and instantaneous quantities, differentiation. Plotting functions. Intuitive ideas of continuous, differentiable, etc. functions and plotting of curves. Approximation: Taylor and binomial series (statements only).

First Order and Second Order Differential equations: First Order Differential Equations and Integrating Factor. Homogeneous Equations with constant coefficients. Wronskian and general solution. Statement of existence and Uniqueness Theorem for Initial Value Problems. Particular Integral.

Calculus of functions of more than one variable: Partial derivatives, exact and inexact differentials. Integrating factor, with simple illustration. Constrained Maximization using Lagrange Multipliers.

## Unit-II

#### (24 Lectures)

**Vector Calculus:** Recapitulation of vectors: Properties of vectors under rotations. Scalar product and its invariance under rotations. Vector product, Scalar triple product and their interpretation in terms of area and volume respectively. Scalar and Vector fields.

Vector Differentiation: Directional derivatives and normal derivative. Gradient of a scalar field and its geometrical interpretation. Divergence and curl of a vector field. Del and Laplacian operators. Vector identities.

Vector Integration: Ordinary Integrals of Vectors. Multiple integrals, Jacobian. Notion of infinitesimal line, surface and volume elements. Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector fields. Flux of a vector field. Gauss' divergence theorem, Green's and Stokes Theorems and their applications (no rigorous proofs).

## **Unit-III**

(6 Lectures)

**Orthogonal Curvilinear Coordinates:** Orthogonal Curvilinear Coordinates. Derivation of Gradient, Divergence, Curl and Laplacian in Cartesian, Spherical and Cylindrical Coordinate Systems.

## **Unit-IV**

#### (6 Lectures)

**Introduction to probability:** Independent random variables: Probability distribution functions; binomial, Gaussian, and Poisson, with examples. Mean and variance.

Dependent events: Conditional Probability. Bayes' Theorem and the idea of hypothesis testing.

#### Unit-V

#### (4 Lectures)

**Dirac Delta function and its properties:** Definition of Dirac delta function. Representation as limit of a Gaussian function and rectangular function. Properties of Dirac delta function.

- Mathematical Methods for Physicists, G.B. Arfken, H.J. Weber, F.E. Harris, 2013, 7th Edn., Elsevier.
- An introduction to ordinary differential equations, E.A. Coddington, 2009, PHI learning
- Differential Equations, George F. Simmons, 2007, McGraw Hill.
- Mathematical Tools for Physics, James Nearing, 2010, Dover Publications.
- Mathematical methods for Scientists and Engineers, D.A. McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Book
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics, D.G. Zill and W.S. Wright, 5 Ed., 2012, Jones and Bartlett Learning
- Mathematical Physics, Goswami, 1st edition, Cengage Learning
- Engineering Mathematics, S.Pal and S.C. Bhunia, 2015, Oxford University Press
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, 2008, Wiley India.
- Essential Mathematical Methods, K.F.Riley & M.P.Hobson, 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press

## **BPHY101P: Programming Lab – C++**

The aim of this Lab is not just to teach computer programming and numerical analysis but to emphasize its role in solving problems in Physics.

- Highlights the use of computational methods to solve physical problems
- The course will consist of lectures (both theory and practical) in the Lab
- Evaluation done not on the programming but on the basis of formulating the problem
- Aim at teaching students to construct the computational problem to be solved
- Students can use any one operating system Linux or Microsoft Windows

Topics	Description with Applications
Introduction and Overview	Computer architecture and organization, memory and
	Input/output devices
	Binary and decimal arithmetic, Floating point numbers,
	algorithms, Sequence, Selection and Repetition, single
Basics of scientific computing	and double precision arithmetic, underflow & overflow
	emphasize the importance of making equations in terms
	of dimensionless variables, Iterative methods
Emers and amon Analyzis	Truncation and round off errors, Absolute and relative
Errors and error Anarysis	errors, Floating point computations.
	Introduction to Programming, constants, variables and
	data types, operators and Expressions, I/O statements,
	scanf and printf, c in and c out, Manipulators for data
	formatting, Control statements (decision making and
Daview of C & C	looping statements) (If-statement. If-else Statement.
Review of $C \propto C^{++}$	Nested if Structure. Else-if Statement. Ternary Operator.
Programming fundamentals	Goto Statement. Switch Statement. Unconditional and
	Conditional Looping. While Loop. Do-While Loop. FOR
	Loop. Break and Continue Statements. Nested Loops),
	Arrays (1D & 2D) and strings, user defined functions,
	Structures and Unions, Idea of classes and objects
	Sum & average of a list of numbers, largest of a given
Programs	list of numbers and its location in the list, sorting of
	numbers in ascending descending order, Binary search

Random number generation	Area of circle, area of square, volume of sphere, value of pi $(\pi)$
Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations by Bisection, Newton Raphson and Secant methods	Solution of linear and quadratic equation, $\alpha = tan\alpha$ ; $I = I_0 \left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{\alpha}\right)^2$ in optics
Interpolation by Newton Gregory Forward and Backward difference formula, Error estimation of linear interpolation	Evaluation of trigonometric functions e.g. sin $\theta$ , cos $\theta$ , tan $\theta$ , etc.
Numerical differentiation (Forward and Backward difference formula) and Integration (Trapezoidal and Simpson rules), Monte Carlo method	Given Position with equidistant time data to calculate velocity and acceleration and vice versa. Find the area of B-H Hysteresis loop

- Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, 5th Edn., 2012, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Schaum's Outline of Programming with C++. J. Hubbard, 2000, McGraw-Hill Pub.
- Numerical Recipes in C: The Art of Scientific Computing, W.H. Pressetal, 3rd Edn., 2007, Cambridge University Press.
- A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher & C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning.
- Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3 r d E d n . , 2 0 0 7 , Wiley India Edition.
- Numerical Methods for Scientists & Engineers, R.W. Hamming, 1973, Courier Dover Pub.
- An Introduction to computational Physics, T.Pang, 2nd Edn., 2006, Cambridge Univ. Press
- Computational Physics, Darren Walker, 1st Edn., 2015, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd.

## Unit-I

#### (12 Lectures)

Fundamentals of Dynamics: Reference frames. Inertial frames; Review of Newton's Laws of Motion. Galilean transformations; Galilean invariance. Momentum of variable mass system: motion of rocket. Motion of a projectile in Uniform gravitational field Dynamics of a system of particles. Centre of Mass. Principle of conservation of momentum. Impulse.

Work and Energy: Work and Kinetic Energy Theorem. Conservative and nonconservative forces. Potential Energy. Energy diagram. Stable and unstable equilibrium. Elastic potential energy. Force as gradient of potential energy. Work & Potential energy. Work done by non-conservative forces. Law of conservation of Energy.

Collisions: Elastic and inelastic collisions between particles. Centre of Mass and Laboratory frames.

## Unit-II

#### (12 Lectures)

Rotational Dynamics: Angular momentum of a particle and system of particles. Torque. Principle of conservation of angular momentum. Rotation about a fixed axis. Moment of Inertia. Calculation of moment of inertia for rectangular, cylindrical and spherical bodies. Kinetic energy of rotation. Motion involving both translation and rotation.

## Unit-III

#### (14 Lectures)

Elasticity: Relation between Elastic constants. Twisting torque on a Cylinder or Wire.

Fluid Motion: Kinematics of Moving Fluids: Poiseuille's Equation for Flow of a Liquid through a Capillary Tube.

Gravitation and Central Force Motion: Law of gravitation. Gravitational potential energy. Inertial and gravitational mass. Potential and field due to spherical shell and solid sphere.

## L T P 4 0 2

Motion of a particle under a central force field. Two-body problem and its reduction to onebody problem and its solution. The energy equation and energy diagram. Kepler's Laws. Satellite in circular orbit and applications. Geosynchronous orbits. Weightlessness. Basic idea of global positioning system (GPS).

## **Unit-IV**

## (12 Lectures)

Oscillations: SHM: Simple Harmonic Oscillations. Differential equation of SHM and its solution. Kinetic energy, potential energy, total energy and their time-average values. Damped oscillation. Forced oscillations: Transient and steady states; Resonance, sharpness of resonance; power dissipation and Quality Factor.

Non-Inertial Systems: Non-inertial frames and fictitious forces. Uniformly rotating frame. Laws of Physics in rotating coordinate systems. Centrifugal force. Coriolis force and its applications. Components of Velocity and Acceleration in Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinate Systems.

## Unit-V

#### (10 Lectures)

Special Theory of Relativity: Michelson-Morley Experiment and its outcome. Postulates of Special Theory of Relativity. Lorentz Transformations. Simultaneity and order of events. Lorentz contraction. Time dilation. Relativistic transformation of velocity, frequency and wave number. Relativistic addition of velocities. Variation of mass with velocity. Massless Particles. Mass-energy Equivalence. Relativistic Doppler effect. Relativistic Kinematics. Transformation of Energy and Momentum.

- An introduction to mechanics, D. Kleppner, R.J. Kolenkow, 1973, McGraw-Hill.
- Mechanics, Berkeley Physics, vol.1, C.Kittel, W.Knight, et.al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Physics, Resnick, Halliday and Walker 8/e. 2008, Wiley.
- Analytical Mechanics, G.R. Fowles and G.L. Cassiday. 2005, Cengage Learning.
- Feynman Lectures, Vol. I, R.P.Feynman, R.B.Leighton, M.Sands, 2008, Pearson Education
- Introduction to Special Relativity, R. Resnick, 2005, John Wiley and Sons.

- University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- Mechanics, D.S. Mathur, S. Chand and Company Limited, 2000
- University Physics. F.W Sears, M.W Zemansky, H.D Young 13/e, 1986, Addison Wesley
- Physics for scientists and Engineers with Modern Phys., J.W. Jewett, R.A. Serway, 2010, Cengage Learning
- Theoretical Mechanics, M.R. Spiegel, 2006, Tata McGraw Hill.

## **BPHY201P: Mechanics Lab**

- 1. Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope.
- 2. To study the random error in observations.
- 3. To determine the height of a building using a Sextant.
- 4. To study the Motion of Spring and calculate (a) Spring constant, (b) g and (c) Modulus of rigidity.
- 5. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
- 6. To determine g and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique
- 7. To determine Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's method).
- 8. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
- 9. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.
- 10. To determine the elastic Constants of a wire by Searle's method.
- 11. To determine the value of g using Bar Pendulum.
- 12. To determine the value of g using Kater's Pendulum

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Edn, 2011, Kitab Mahal
- Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick, 2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- Practical Physics, G.L. Squires, 2015, 4th Edition, Cambridge University Press.

## **BPHY301T: Electricity and Magnetism**

## L T P 4 0 2

## Unit-I

#### (20 Lectures)

Electric Field and Electric Potential Electric field: Electric field lines. Electric flux. Gauss' Law with applications to charge distributions with spherical, cylindrical and planar symmetry.

Conservative nature of Electrostatic Field. Electrostatic Potential. Laplace's and Poisson equations. The Uniqueness Theorem. Potential and Electric Field of a dipole. Force and Torque on a dipole.

Electrostatic energy of system of charges. Electrostatic energy of a charged sphere. Conductors in an electrostatic Field. Surface charge and force on a conductor. Capacitance of a system of charged conductors. Parallel-plate capacitor. Capacitance of an isolated conductor. Method of Images and its application to: (1) Plane Infinite Sheet and (2) Sphere.

## Unit-II

#### (8 Lectures)

Dielectric Properties of Matter: Electric Field in matter. Polarization, Polarization Charges. Electrical Susceptibility and Dielectric Constant. Capacitor (parallel plate, spherical, cylindrical) filled with dielectric. Displacement vector D. Relations between E, P and D. Gauss' Law in dielectrics.

## Unit-III

#### (10 Lectures)

Magnetic Field: Magnetic force between current elements and definition of Magnetic FieldB. Biot-Savart's Law and its simple applications: straight wire and circular loop. Current Loop as a Magnetic Dipole and its Dipole Moment (Analogy with Electric Dipole). Ampere's Circuital Law and its application to (1) Solenoid and (2) Toroid. Properties of B: curl and divergence. Vector Potential. Magnetic Force on (1) point charge (2) current carrying wire (3) between current elements. Torque on a current loop in a uniform Magnetic Field.

## **Unit-IV**

Magnetic Properties of Matter: Magnetization vector (M). Magnetic Intensity(H). Magnetic Susceptibility and permeability. Relation between B, H, M. Ferromagnetism. B-H curve and hysteresis.

Electromagnetic Induction: Faraday's Law. Lenz's Law. Self Inductance and Mutual Inductance. Reciprocity Theorem. Energy stored in a Magnetic Field. Introduction to Maxwell's Equations. Charge Conservation and Displacement current.

Electrical Circuits: AC Circuits: Kirchhoff's laws for AC circuits. Complex Reactance and Impedance. Series LCR Circuit: (1) Resonance, (2) Power Dissipation and (3) Quality Factor, and (4) Band Width. Parallel LCR Circuit.

## Unit-V

#### (8 Lectures)

Network theorems: Ideal Constant-voltage and Constant-current Sources. Network Theorems: Thevenin theorem, Norton theorem, Superposition theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Maximum Power Transfer theorem. Applications to dc circuits.

Ballistic Galvanometer: Torque on a current Loop. Ballistic Galvanometer: Current and Charge Sensitivity. Electromagnetic damping. Logarithmic damping. CDR.

- Electricity, Magnetism & Electromagnetic Theory, S. Mahajan and Choudhury, 2012, Tata McGraw
- Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986 McGraw-Hill Education
- Introduction to Electrodynamics, D.J. Griffiths, 3rd Edn., 1998, Benjamin Cummings.
- Feynman Lectures Vol.2, R.P.Feynman, R.B.Leighton, M. Sands, 2008, Pearson Education
- Elements of Electromagnetics, M.N.O. Sadiku, 2010, Oxford University Press.
- Electricity and Magnetism, J.H.Fewkes & J.Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press.

## **BPHY301P: Electricity and Magnetism Lab**

- 1. Use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c) DC Current, (d) Capacitances, and (e) Checking electrical fuses.
- 2. To study the characteristics of a series RC Circuit.
- 3. To determine an unknown Low Resistance using Potentiometer.
- 4. To determine an unknown Low Resistance using Carey Foster's Bridge.
- 5. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
- 6. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a solenoid (determine dB/dx)
- 7. To verify the Thevenin and Norton theorems.
- 8. To verify the Superposition, and Maximum power transfer theorems.
- 9. To determine self inductance of a coil by Anderson's bridge.
- 10.To study response curve of a Series LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant frequency, (b) Impedance at resonance, (c) Quality factor Q, and (d) Band width.
- 11.To study the response curve of a parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Antiresonant frequency and (b) Quality factor Q
- 12. Measurement of charge and current sensitivity and CDR of Ballistic Galvanometer
- 13.Determine a high resistance by leakage method using Ballistic Galvanometer.
- 14. To determine self-inductance of a coil by Rayleigh's method.
- 15. To determine the mutual inductance of two coils by Absolute method.

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi and B.Mallick, 2015, Cengage Learning.
- A Laboratory Manual of Physics for undergraduate classes, D.P.Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Pub.

## **BPHY401T: Waves and Optics**

## L T P 4 0 2

## Unit-I

#### (8 Lectures)

Superposition of Collinear Harmonic oscillations: Linearity and Superposition Principle. Superposition of two collinear oscillations having (1) equal frequencies and (2) different frequencies (Beats). Superposition of N collinear Harmonic Oscillations with (1) equal phase differences and (2) equal frequency differences.

Superposition of two perpendicular Harmonic Oscillations: Graphical and Analytical Methods. Lissajous Figures with equal an unequal frequency and their uses

## Unit-II

#### (10 Lectures)

Wave Motion: Plane and Spherical Waves. Longitudinal and Transverse Waves. Plane Progressive (Travelling) Waves. Wave Equation. Particle and Wave Velocities. Differential Equation. Pressure of a Longitudinal Wave. Energy Transport. Intensity of Wave. Water Waves: Ripple and Gravity Waves.

Velocity of Waves: Velocity of Transverse Vibrations of Stretched Strings. Velocity of Longitudinal Waves in a Fluid in a Pipe. Newton's Formula for Velocity of Sound. Laplace's Correction.

## **Unit-III**

#### (10 Lectures)

Superposition of Two Harmonic Waves: Standing (Stationary) Waves in a String: Fixed and Free Ends. Analytical Treatment. Phase and Group Velocities. Changes with respect to Position and Time. Energy of Vibrating String. Transfer of Energy. Normal Modes of Stretched Strings. Plucked and Struck Strings. Melde's Experiment. Longitudinal Standing Waves and Normal Modes. Open and Closed Pipes. Superposition of N Harmonic Waves.

Wave Optics: Electromagnetic nature of light. Definition and properties of wave front. Huygens Principle. Temporal and Spatial Coherence.

## Unit-IV

## (12 Lectures)

Interference: Division of amplitude and wavefront. Young's double slit experiment. Lloyd's Mirror and Fresnel's Biprism. Phase change on reflection: Stokes' treatment. Interference in Thin Films: parallel and wedge-shaped films. Fringes of equal inclination (Haidinger Fringes); Fringes of equal thickness (Fizeau Fringes). Newton's Rings: Measurement of wavelength and refractive index.

Interferometer: Michelson Interferometer-(1) Idea of form of fringes (No theory required), (2) Determination of Wavelength, (3) Wavelength Difference, (4) Refractive Index, and (5) Visibility of Fringes. Fabry-Perot interferometer.

## Unit-V

#### (20 Lectures)

Diffraction: Kirchhoff's Integral Theorem, Fresnel-Kirchhoff's Integral formula. (Qualitative discussion only)

Fraunhofer diffraction: Single slit. Circular aperture, Resolving Power of a telescope. Double slit. Multiple slits. Diffraction grating. Resolving power of grating.

Fresnel Diffraction: Fresnel's Assumptions. Fresnel's Half-Period Zones for Plane Wave. Explanation of Rectilinear Propagation of Light. Theory of a Zone Plate: Multiple Foci of a Zone Plate. Fresnel's Integral, Fresnel diffraction pattern of a straight edge, a slit and a wire.

Holography: Principle of Holography. Recording and Reconstruction Method. Theory of Holography as Interference between two Plane Waves. Point source holograms

- Waves: Berkeley Physics Course, vol. 3, Francis Crawford, 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Fundamentals of Optics, F.A. Jenkins and H.E. White, 1981, McGraw-Hill
- Principles of Optics, Max Born and Emil Wolf, 7th Edn., 1999, Pergamon Press.
- Optics, Ajoy Ghatak, 2008, Tata McGraw Hill
- The Physics of Vibrations and Waves, H. J. Pain, 2013, John Wiley and Sons.
- The Physics of Waves and Oscillations, N.K. Bajaj, 1998, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Fundamental of Optics, A. Kumar, H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna, 2011, R. Chand Publications.

## **BPHY401P: Waves and Optics Lab**

- 1. To determine the frequency of an electric tuning fork by Melde's experiment and verify  $\lambda^2$ -T law.
- 2. To investigate the motion of coupled oscillators.
- 3. To study Lissajous Figures.
- 4. Familiarization with: Schuster's focusing; determination of angle of prism.
- 5. To determine refractive index of the Material of a prism using sodium source.
- 6. To determine the dispersive power and Cauchy constants of the material of a prism using mercury source.
- 7. To determine the wavelength of sodium source using Michelson's interferometer.
- 8. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.
- 9. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
- 10. To determine the thickness of a thin paper by measuring the width of the interference fringes produced by a wedge-shaped Film.
- 11. To determine wavelength of (1) Na source and (2) spectral lines of Hg source using plane diffraction grating.
- 12. To determine dispersive power and resolving power of a plane diffraction grating.

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I. Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Laboratory Manual of Physics for undergraduate classes, D.P.Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Pub

## **BPHY501T: Mathematical Physics–II**

## L T P 4 0 2

## Unit-I

#### (12 Lectures)

Fourier Series: Periodic functions. Orthogonality of sine and cosine functions, Dirichlet Conditions (Statement only). Expansion of periodic functions in a series of sine and cosine functions and determination of Fourier coefficients. Complex representation of Fourier series. Expansion of functions with arbitrary period. Expansion of non-periodic functions over an interval. Even and odd functions and their Fourier expansions. Application. Summing of Infinite Series. Term-by-Term differentiation and integration of Fourier Series. Parseval Identity.

## **Unit-II**

#### (24 Lectures)

Frobenius Method and Special Functions: Singular Points of Second Order Linear Differential Equations and their importance. Frobenius method and its applications to differential equations. Legendre, Bessel, Hermite and Laguerre Differential Equations. Properties of Legendre Polynomials: Rodrigues Formula, Generating Function, Orthogonality. Simple recurrence relations. Expansion of function in a series of Legendre Polynomials. Bessel Functions of the First Kind: Generating Function, simple recurrence relations. Zeros of Bessel Functions (Jo(x) and J1(x))and Orthogonality.

## Unit-III

#### (4 Lectures)

Some Special Integrals: Beta and Gamma Functions and Relation between them. Expression of Integrals in terms of Gamma Functions. Error Function (Probability Integral).

#### **Unit-IV**

#### (6 Lectures)

Theory of Errors: Systematic and Random Errors. Propagation of Errors. Normal Law of Errors. Standard and Probable Error. Least-squares fit. Error on the slope and intercept of a fitted line.

## Unit-V

## (14 Lectures)

Partial Differential Equations: Solutions to partial differential equations, using separation of variables: Laplace's Equation in problems of rectangular, cylindrical and spherical symmetry. Wave equation and its solution for vibrational modes of a stretched string, rectangular and circular membranes. Diffusion Equation.

- Mathematical Methods for Physicists: Arfken, Weber, 2005, Harris, Elsevier.
- Fourier Analysis by M.R. Spiegel, 2004, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Mathematics for Physicists, Susan M. Lea, 2004, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- Differential Equations, George F. Simmons, 2006, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Partial Differential Equations for Scientists & Engineers, S.J. Farlow, 1993, Dover Pub.
- Engineering Mathematics, S.Pal and S.C. Bhunia, 2015, Oxford University Press
- Mathematical methods for Scientists & Engineers, D.A. McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Books

## **BPHY501P:** Physics Lab-II

The aim of this Lab is to use the computational methods to solve physical problems. Course will consist of lectures (both theory and practical) in the Lab. Evaluation done not on the programming but on the basis of formulating the problem

Topics	Description with Applications
Introduction to Numerical	Introduction to Scilab, Advantages and disadvantages,
computation software Scilab	Scilab environment, Command window, Figure window,
	Edit window, Variables and arrays, Initialising variables
	in Scilab, Multidimensional arrays, Subarray, Special
	values, Displaying output data, data file, Scalar and array
	operations, Hierarchy of operations, Built in Scilab
	functions, Introduction to plotting, 2D and 3D plotting
	(2), Branching Statements and program design,
	Relational & logical operators, the while loop, for loop,
	details of loop operations, break & continue statements,
	nested loops, logical arrays and vectorization (2) User
	defined functions, Introduction to Scilab functions,
	Variable passing in Scilab, optional arguments,
	preserving data between calls to a function, Complex and
	Character data, string function, Multidimensional arrays
	(2) an introduction to Scilab file processing, file opening
	and closing, Binary I/o functions, comparing binary and
	formatted functions, Numerical methods and developing
	the skills of writing a program (2).
Curve fitting, Least square fit,	Ohms law to calculate R, Hooke's law to calculate spring
Goodness of fit, standard	constant
deviation	
Solution of Linear system of	Solution of mesh equations of electric circuits (3 meshes)
equations by Gauss elimination	Solution of coupled spring mass systems (3 masses)
method and Gauss Seidal	
method. Diagonalization of	
matrices, Inverse of a matrix,	

Eigen vectors, eigen values	
problems	
Generation of Special functions	Generating and plotting Legendre Polynomials
using User defined functions in	Generating and plotting Bessel function
Scilab	
Solution of ODE	First order differential equation
First order Differential equation	Radioactive decay
Euler, modified Euler and	• Current in RC, LC circuits with DC source
Runge-Kutta	• Newton's law of cooling
	Classical equations of motion
second order methods Second	Second order Differential Equation
order differential equation Fixed difference method	Harmonic oscillator (no friction)
	• Damped Harmonic oscillator
	• Over damped
	Critical damped
	• Oscillatory
	• Forced Harmonic oscillator
	• Transient and
	• Steady state solution
	• Apply above to LCR circuits also
	$x^{2}\frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} - 4x(1+x)\frac{dy}{dx} + 2(1+x)y = x^{3}$
	with the boundary conditions at
	$x = 1, y = \frac{1}{2}e^2, \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{3}{2}e^2 - 0.5,$
	in the range $1 \le x \le 3$ . Plot y and $\frac{dy}{dx}$ against x in the
	given range on the same graph.
Partial differential equations	Partial Differential Equation:
	• Wave equation
	• Heat equation

	Poisson equation
	• Laplace equation
Using Scicos / xcos	• Generating square wave, sine wave, saw tooth wave
	• Solution to harmonic oscillator
	• Study of beat phenomenon
	• Phase space plots

- Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers, K.F Riley, M.P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, 3rd ed., 2006, Cambridge University Press
- Complex Variables, A.S. Fokas & M.J. Ablowitz, 8th Ed., 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press
- First course in complex analysis with applications, D.G. Zill and P.D. Shanahan, 1940, Jones & Bartlett
- Computational Physics, D.Walker, 1st Edn., 2015, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd.
- A Guide to MATLAB, B.R. Hunt, R.L. Lipsman, J.M. Rosenberg, 2014, 3rd Edn., Cambridge University Press
- Simulation of ODE/PDE Models with MATLAB®, OCTAVE and SCILAB: Scientific and Engineering Applications: A.V. Wouwer, P. Saucez, C.V. Fernández. 2014 Springer
- Scilab by example: M. Affouf 2012, ISBN: 978-1479203444
- Scilab (A free software to Matlab): H.Ramchandran, A.S.Nair. 2011 S.Chand & Company
- Scilab Image Processing: Lambert M. Surhone. 2010 Betascript Publishing
- www.scilab.in/textbook\_companion/generate\_book/291

## L T P 4 0 2

## Unit-I

#### (8 Lectures)

Introduction to Thermodynamics-Zeroth and First Law of Thermodynamics: Extensive and intensive Thermodynamic Variables, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics & Concept of Temperature, Concept of Work & Heat, State Functions, First Law of Thermodynamics and its differential form, Internal Energy, First Law & various processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between CP and CV, Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes, Compressibility and Expansion Co-efficient.

## Unit-II

#### (16 Lectures)

Second Law of Thermodynamics: Reversible and Irreversible process with examples. Conversion of Work into Heat and Heat into Work. Heat Engines. Carnot's Cycle, Carnot engine & efficiency. Refrigerator & coefficient of performance, 2nd Law of Thermodynamics: Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements and their Equivalence. Carnot's Theorem. Applications of Second Law of Thermodynamics: Thermodynamic Scale of Temperature and its Equivalence to Perfect Gas Scale.

Entropy: Concept of Entropy, Clausius Theorem. Clausius Inequality, Second Law of Thermodynamics in terms of Entropy. Entropy of a perfect gas. Principle of Increase of Entropy. Entropy Changes in Reversible and Irreversible processes with examples. Entropy of the Universe. Entropy Changes in Reversible and Irreversible Processes. Principle of Increase of Entropy. Temperature–Entropy diagrams for Carnot's Cycle. Third Law of Thermodynamics. Unattainability of Absolute Zero.

## Unit-III

#### (8 Lectures)

Thermodynamic Potentials: Thermodynamic Potentials: Internal Energy, Enthalpy, Helmholtz Free Energy, Gibb's Free Energy. Their Definitions, Properties and Applications. Surface Films and Variation of Surface Tension with Temperature. Magnetic Work, Cooling due to adiabatic demagnetization, First and second order Phase Transitions with examples, Clausius Clapeyron Equation and Ehrenfest equations.

#### **Unit-IV**

#### (18 Lectures)

Maxwell's Thermodynamic Relations: Derivations and applications of Maxwell's Relations, Maxwell's Relations:(1) Clausius Clapeyron equation, (2) Values of Cp-Cv, (3) TdS Equations, (4) Joule-Kelvin coefficient for Ideal and Van der Waal Gases, (5) Energy equations, (6) Change of Temperature during Adiabatic Process.

Kinetic Theory of Gases-Distribution of Velocities: Maxwell-Boltzmann Law of Distribution of Velocities in an Ideal Gas and its Experimental Verification. Doppler Broadening of Spectral Lines and Stern's Experiment. Mean, RMS and Most Probable Speeds. Degrees of Freedom. Law of Equipartition of Energy (No proof required). Specific heats of Gases.

Molecular Collisions: Mean Free Path. Collision Probability. Estimates of Mean Free Path. Transport Phenomenon in Ideal Gases: (1) Viscosity, (2) Thermal Conductivity and (3) Diffusion. Brownian Motion and its Significance.

#### Unit-V

#### (10 Lectures)

Real Gases: Behavior of Real Gases: Deviations from the Ideal Gas Equation. The Virial Equation. Andrew's Experiments on CO2 Gas. Critical Constants. Continuity of Liquid and Gaseous State. Vapour and Gas. Boyle Temperature. Van der Waal's Equation of State for Real Gases. Values of Critical Constants. Law of Corresponding States. Comparison with Experimental Curves. P-V Diagrams. Joule's Experiment. Free Adiabatic Expansion of a Perfect Gas. Joule-Thomson Porous Plug Experiment. JouleThomson Effect for Real and Van der Waal Gases. Temperature of Inversion. JouleThomson Cooling.

- Heat and Thermodynamics, M.W. Zemansky, Richard Dittman, 1981, McGraw-Hill.
- A Treatise on Heat, Meghnad Saha, and B.N.Srivastava, 1958, Indian Press
- Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and Ghosh, 2nd Edition, 1993, Tata McGraw-Hill
- Modern Thermodynamics with Statistical Mechanics, Carl S. Helrich, 2009, Springer.

- Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory & Statistical Thermodynamics, Sears & Salinger. 1988, Narosa.
- Concepts in Thermal Physics, S.J. Blundell and K.M. Blundell, 2nd Ed., 2012, Oxford University Press
- Thermal Physics, A. Kumar and S.P. Taneja, 2014, R. Chand Publications.

## **BPHY601P: Thermal Physics Lab**

- 1. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constant flow method.
- 2. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Searle's Apparatus.
- 3. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.
- 4. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
- 5. To determine the Temperature Coefficient of Resistance by Platinum Resistance Thermometer (PRT).
- 6. To study the variation of Thermo-Emf of a Thermocouple with Difference of Temperature of its Two Junctions.
- To calibrate a thermocouple to measure temperature in a specified Range using (1) Null Method, (2) Direct measurement using Op-Amp difference amplifier and to determine Neutral Temperature.

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, Kitab Mahal
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Laboratory Manual of Physics for undergraduate classes, D.P.Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Pub.

## **BPHY701T: Digital Systems and Applications**

## L T P 4 0 2

## Unit-I

#### (12 Lectures)

Introduction to CRO: Block Diagram of CRO. Electron Gun, Deflection System and Time Base. Deflection Sensitivity. Applications of CRO: (1) Study of Waveform, (2) Measurement of Voltage, Current, Frequency, and Phase Difference.

Integrated Circuits (Qualitative treatment only): Active & Passive components. Discrete components. Wafer. Chip. Advantages and drawbacks of ICs. Scale of integration: SSI, MSI, LSI and VLSI (basic idea and definitions only). Classification of ICs. Examples of Linear and Digital ICs.

Digital Circuits: Difference between Analog and Digital Circuits. Binary Numbers. Decimal to Binary and Binary to Decimal Conversion. BCD, Octal and Hexadecimal numbers. AND, OR and NOT Gates (realization using Diodes and Transistor). NAND and NOR Gates as Universal Gates. XOR and XNOR Gates and application as Parity Checkers.

## Unit-II

#### (6 Lectures)

Boolean algebra: De Morgan's Theorems. Boolean Laws. Simplification of Logic Circuit using Boolean Algebra. Fundamental Products. Idea of Minterms and Maxterms. Conversion of a Truth table into Equivalent Logic Circuit by (1) Sum of Products Method and (2) Karnaugh Map.

## Unit-III

#### (14 Lectures)

Data processing circuits: Basic idea of Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, Decoders, Encoders.

Arithmetic Circuits: Binary Addition. Binary Subtraction using 2's Complement. Half and Full Adders. Half & Full Subtractors, 4-bit binary Adder/Subtractor.

Sequential Circuits: SR, D, and JK Flip-Flops. Clocked (Level and Edge Triggered) Flip-Flops. Preset and Clear operations. Race-around conditions in JK Flip-Flop. M/S JK Flip-Flop

## Unit-IV

## (10 Lectures)

Timers: IC 555: block diagram and applications: A stable multi vibrator and Monostable multi vibrator.

Shift registers: Serial-in-Serial-out, Serial-in-Parallel-out, Parallel-in-Serial-out and Parallelin-Parallel-out Shift Registers (only up to 4 bits).

Counters (4 bits): Ring Counter. Asynchronous counters, Decade Counter. Synchronous Counter.

## Unit-V

## (18 Lectures)

Computer Organization: Input/Output Devices. Data storage (idea of RAM and ROM). Computer memory. Memory organization & addressing. Memory Interfacing. Memory Map.

Intel 8085 Microprocessor Architecture: Main features of 8085. Block diagram. Components. Pin-out diagram. Buses. Registers. ALU. Memory. Stack memory. Timing & Control circuitry. Timing states. Instruction cycle, Timing diagram of MOV and MVI.

Introduction to Assembly Language: 1 byte, 2 byte & 3 byte instructions.

- Digital Principles and Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P.Leach and Saha, 7th Ed., 2011, Tata McGraw
- Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, Anand Kumar, 2nd Edn, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Digital Circuits and systems, Venugopal, 2011, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Digital Electronics G K Kharate ,2010, Oxford University Press
- Logic circuit design, Shimon P. Vingron, 2012, Springer.
- Digital Electronics, Subrata Ghoshal, 2012, Cengage Learning.
- Digital Electronics, S.K. Mandal, 2010, 1st edition, McGraw Hill
- Microprocessor Architecture Programming & applications with 8085, 2002, R.S. Goankar, Prentice Hall.

## **BPHY701P: Digital Systems and Applications Lab**

- 1. To measure (a) Voltage, and (b) Time period of a periodic waveform using CRO.
- 2. To test a Diode and Transistor using a Multimeter.
- 3. To design a switch (NOT gate) using a transistor.
- 4. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
- 5. To design a combinational logic system for a specified Truth Table.
- 6. To convert a Boolean expression into logic circuit and design it using logic gate ICs.
- 7. To minimize a given logic circuit.
- 8. Half Adder, Full Adder and 4-bit binary Adder.
- 9. Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor, Adder-Subtractor using Full Adder I.C.
- 10. To build Flip-Flop (RS, Clocked RS, D-type and JK) circuits using NAND gates.
- 11. To build JK Master-slave flip-flop using Flip-Flop ICs
- 12. To build a 4-bit Counter using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs and study timing diagram.
- 13. To make a 4-bit Shift Register (serial and parallel) using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs.
- 14. To design an astable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
- 15. To design a monostable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
- 16. Write the following programs using 8085 Microprocessor
  - a) Addition and subtraction of numbers using direct addressing mode
  - b) Addition and subtraction of numbers using indirect addressing mode
  - c) Multiplication by repeated addition.
  - d) Division by repeated subtraction.
  - e) Handling of 16-bit Numbers.
  - f) Use of CALL and RETURN Instruction.
  - g) Block data handling.
  - h) Other programs (e.g. Parity Check, using interrupts, etc.).

- Modern Digital Electronics, R.P. Jain, 4th Edition, 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, 1994, Mc-Graw Hill.
- Microprocessor Architecture Programming and applications with 8085, R.S. Goankar, 2002, Prentice Hall.
- Microprocessor 8085: Architecture, Programming and interfacing, A. Wadhwa, 2010, PHI Learning.

## **BPHY801T: Mathematical Physics-III**

#### L T P 4 0 2

## Unit-I

#### (16 Lectures)

Complex Analysis: Brief Revision of Complex Numbers and their Graphical Representation. Euler's formula, De Moivre's theorem, Roots of Complex Numbers. Functions of Complex Variables. Analyticity and Cauchy-Riemann Conditions. Examples of analytic functions. Singular functions: poles and branch points, order of singularity, branch cuts.

#### Unit-II

#### (14 Lectures)

Integration of a function of a complex variable. Cauchy's Inequality. Cauchy's Integral formula. Simply and multiply connected region. Laurent and Taylor's expansion. Residues and Residue Theorem. Application in solving Definite Integrals.

#### **Unit-III**

#### (8 Lectures)

Fourier Transforms: Fourier Integral theorem. Fourier Transform. Examples. Fourier transform of trigonometric, Gaussian, finite wave train & other functions. Representation of Dirac delta function as a Fourier Integral. Fourier transform of derivatives, Inverse Fourier transform, Convolution theorem.

## **Unit-IV**

#### (8 Lectures)

Properties of Fourier transforms (translation, change of scale, complex conjugation, etc.). Three dimensional Fourier transforms with examples. Application of Fourier Transforms to differential equations: One dimensional Wave and Diffusion/Heat Flow Equations.

## Unit-V

#### (14 Lectures)

Laplace Transforms: Laplace Transform (LT) of Elementary functions. Properties of LTs: Change of Scale Theorem, Shifting Theorem. LTs of 1st and 2nd order Derivatives and Integrals of Functions, Derivatives and Integrals of LTs. LT of Unit Step function, Dirac Delta function, Periodic Functions. Convolution Theorem. Inverse LT. Application of Laplace Transforms to 2nd order Differential Equations: Damped Harmonic Oscillator, Simple Electrical Circuits, Coupled differential equations of 1st order. Solution of heat flow along infinite bar using Laplace transform.

- Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers, K.F Riley, M.P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, 3rd ed., 2006, Cambridge University Press
- Mathematics for Physicists, P. Dennery and A.Krzywicki, 1967, Dover Publications
- Complex Variables, A.S.Fokas & M.J.Ablowitz, 8th Ed., 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press
- Complex Variables, A.K. Kapoor, 2014, Cambridge Univ. Press
- Complex Variables and Applications, J.W. Brown & R.V. Churchill, 7th Ed. 2003, Tata McGraw-Hill
- First course in complex analysis with applications, D.G. Zill and P.D. Shanahan, 1940, Jones & Bartlett

## **BPHY801P: Physics Lab -III**

Scilab/C++ based simulations experiments based on Mathematical Physics problems like

1. Solve differential equations:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-x} \text{ with } y = 0 \text{ for } x = 0$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + e^{-x}y = x^2$$
$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} = -y$$
$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + e^{-t}\frac{dy}{dt} = -y$$

2. Dirac Delta Function:

Evaluate 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}}\int e^{\frac{-(x-2)^2}{2\sigma^2}}(x+3)dx$$
, for  $\sigma = 1,0.1,0.01$  and show it tends to 5.

3. Fourier Series:

Program to sum  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (0.2)^n$ 

Evaluate the Fourier coefficients of a given periodic function (square wave)

4. Frobenius method and Special functions:

$$\int_{-1}^{+1} P_n(\mu) P_m(\mu) d\mu = \delta_{n,m}$$
Plot  $P_n(x), j_v(x)$ 

Show recursion relation.

- 5. Calculation of error for each data point of observations recorded in experiments done in previous semesters (choose any two).
- 6. Calculation of least square fitting manually without giving weightage to error. Confirmation of least square fitting of data through computer program.
- 7. Evaluation of trigonometric functions e.g. sin  $\theta$ , Given Bessel's function at N points find its value at an intermediate point. Complex analysis: Integrate  $1/(x^2 + 2)$  numerically and check with computer integration.
- 8. Compute the  $n^{th}$  roots of unity for n = 2, 3, and 4.
- 9. Find the two square roots of -5+12j.

- 10. Integral transform: FFT of  $e^{-x^2}$
- 11. Solve Kirchoff's Current law for any node of an arbitrary circuit using Laplace's transform.
- 12. Solve Kirchoff's Voltage law for any loop of an arbitrary circuit using Laplace's transform.
- 13. Perform circuit analysis of a general LCR circuit using Laplace's transform.

- Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers, K.F Riley, M.P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, 3rd ed., 2006, Cambridge University Press
- Mathematics for Physicists, P. Dennery and A. Krzywicki, 1967, Dover Publications
- Simulation of ODE/PDE Models with MATLAB®, OCTAVE and SCILAB: Scientific and Engineering Applications: A. Vande Wouwer, P. Saucez, C. V. Fernández. 2014 Springer ISBN: 978-3319067896
- A Guide to MATLAB, B.R. Hunt, R.L. Lipsman, J.M. Rosenberg, 2014, 3rd Edn., Cambridge University Press
- Scilab by example: M. Affouf, 2012. ISBN: 978-1479203444
- Scilab (A free software to Matlab): H.Ramchandran, A.S.Nair. 2011 S.Chand & Company
- Scilab Image Processing: Lambert M. Surhone. 2010 Betascript Publishing
- <u>https://web.stanford.edu/~boyd/ee102/laplace\_ckts.pdf</u>
- ocw.nthu.edu.tw/ocw/upload/12/244/12handout.pdf

# **Department Specific Elective**

## **BPHY101D-I: Elements of Modern Physics**

## L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (14 Lectures)

Planck's quantum, Planck's constant and light as a collection of photons; Blackbody Radiation: Quantum theory of Light; Photo-electric effect and Compton scattering. De Broglie wavelength and matter waves; Davisson-Germer experiment. Wave description of particles by wave packets. Group and Phase velocities and relation between them. Two-Slit experiment with electrons. Probability. Wave amplitude and wave functions.

## Unit-II

#### (14 Lectures)

Position measurement- gamma ray microscope thought experiment; Wave-particle duality, Heisenberg uncertainty principle (Uncertainty relations involving Canonical pair of variables): Derivation from Wave Packets impossibility of a particle following a trajectory; Estimating minimum energy of a confined particle using uncertainty principle; Energy-time uncertainty principle- application to virtual particles and range of an interaction.

Two slit interference experiment with photons, atoms and particles; linear superposition principle as a consequence; Matter waves and wave amplitude; Schrodinger equation for non-relativistic particles; Momentum and Energy operators; stationary states; physical interpretation of a wave function, probabilities and normalization; Probability and probability current densities in one dimension.

## Unit-III

#### (16 Lectures)

One dimensional infinitely rigid box- energy eigenvalues and eigenfunctions, normalization; Quantum dot as example; Quantum mechanical scattering and tunnelling in one dimensionacross a step potential & rectangular potential barrier.

Size and structure of atomic nucleus and its relation with atomic weight; Impossibility of an electron being in the nucleus as a consequence of the uncertainty principle. Nature of nuclear

force, NZ graph, Liquid Drop model: semi-empirical mass formula and binding energy, Nuclear Shell Model and magic numbers.

#### **Unit-IV**

#### (12 Lectures)

Radioactivity: stability of the nucleus; Law of radioactive decay; Mean life and half-life; Alpha decay; Beta decay- energy released, spectrum and Pauli's prediction of neutrino; Gamma ray emission, energy-momentum conservation: electron-positron pair creation by gamma photons in the vicinity of a nucleus.

Fission and fusion- mass deficit, relativity and generation of energy; Fission - nature of fragments and emission of neutrons. Nuclear reactor: slow neutrons interacting with Uranium 235; Fusion and thermonuclear reactions driving stellar energy (brief qualitative discussions).

## Unit-V

## (4 Lectures)

Lasers: Einstein's A and B coefficients. Metastable states. Spontaneous and Stimulated emissions. Optical Pumping and Population Inversion. Three-Level and Four-Level Lasers. Ruby Laser and He-Ne Laser. Basic lasing.

- Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, 2002, McGraw-Hill.
- Introduction to Modern Physics, Rich Meyer, Kennard, Coop, 2002, Tata McGraw Hill
- Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffith, 2005, Pearson Education.
- Physics for scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics, Jewett and Serway, 2010, Cengage Learning.
- Modern Physics, G.Kaur and G.R. Pickrell, 2014, McGraw Hill
- Quantum Mechanics: Theory & Applications, A.K.Ghatak & S.Lokanathan, 2004, Macmillan

## **BPHY101D-II: Analog Systems and Applications**

## L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (10 Lectures)

Semiconductor Diodes: P and N type semiconductors. Energy Level Diagram. Conductivity and Mobility, Concept of Drift velocity. PN Junction Fabrication (Simple Idea). Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Static and Dynamic Resistance. Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. Drift Velocity. Derivation for Barrier Potential, Barrier Width and Current for Step Junction. Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode.

## Unit-II

#### (12 Lectures)

Two-terminal Devices and their Applications: (1) Rectifier Diode: Half-wave Rectifiers. Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave Rectifiers, Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, C-filter (2) Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation. Principle and structure of (1) LEDs, (2) Photodiode and (3) Solar Cell.

Bipolar Junction transistors: n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations. Current gains  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  Relations between  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . Load Line analysis of Transistors. DC Load line and Q-point. Physical Mechanism of Current Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation Regions.

## Unit-III

#### (18 Lectures)

Amplifiers: Transistor Biasing and Stabilization Circuits. Fixed Bias and Voltage Divider Bias. Transistor as 2-port Network. h-parameter Equivalent Circuit. Analysis of a single-stage CE amplifier using Hybrid Model. Input and Output Impedance. Current, Voltage and Power Gains. Classification of Class A, B & C Amplifiers.

Coupled Amplifier: Two stage RC-coupled amplifier and its frequency response.

Feedback in Amplifiers: Effects of Positive and Negative Feedback on Input Impedance, Output Impedance, Gain, Stability, Distortion and Noise.

## **Unit-IV**

#### (8 Lectures)

Sinusoidal Oscillators: Barkhausen's Criterion for self-sustained oscillations. RC Phase shift oscillator, determination of Frequency. Hartley & Colpitts oscillators.

Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach): Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp. (IC 741) Open-loop and Closed-loop Gain. Frequency Response. CMRR. Slew Rate and concept of Virtual ground.

## Unit-V

## (12 Lectures)

Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and non-inverting amplifiers, (2) Adder, (3) Subtractor, (4) Differentiator, (5) Integrator, (6) Log amplifier, (7) Zero crossing detector (8) Wein bridge oscillator.

Conversion: Resistive network (Weighted and R-2R Ladder). Accuracy and Resolution. A/D Conversion (successive approximation).

- Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, 1991, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- Electronics: Fundamentals and Applications, J.D. Ryder, 2004, Prentice Hall.
- Solid State Electronic Devices, B.G.Streetman & S.K.Banerjee, 6th Edn.,2009, PHI Learning
- Electronic Devices & circuits, S.Salivahanan & N.S.Kumar, 3rd Ed., 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, 2000, Prentice Hall
- Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
- Electronic circuits: Handbook of design & applications, U.Tietze, C.Schenk,2008, Springer
- Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, S.M. Sze, 2nd Ed., 2002, Wiley India
- Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning
- Electronic Devices, 7/e Thomas L. Floyd, 2008, Pearson India

## **BPHY102D-I:** Quantum Mechanics and Applications

## L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (6 Lectures)

Time dependent Schrodinger equation: Time dependent Schrodinger equation and dynamical evolution of a quantum state; Properties of Wave Function. Interpretation of Wave Function Probability and probability current densities in three dimensions; Conditions for Physical Acceptability of Wave Functions. Normalization. Linearity and Superposition Principles. Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions. Position, momentum and Energy operators; commutator of position and momentum operators; Expectation values of position and momentum. Wave Function of a Free Particle.

## **Unit-II**

## (10 Lectures)

Time independent Schrodinger equation-Hamiltonian, stationary states and energy eigenvalues; expansion of an arbitrary wavefunction as a linear combination of energy eigenfunctions; General solution of the time dependent Schrodinger equation in terms of linear combinations of stationary states; Application to spread of Gaussian wave-packet for a free particle in one dimension; wave packets, Fourier transforms and momentum space wavefunction; Position-momentum uncertainty principle.

## Unit-III

#### (12 Lectures)

General discussion of bound states in an arbitrary potential- continuity of wave function, boundary condition and emergence of discrete energy levels; application to one-dimensional problem-square well potential; Quantum mechanics of simple harmonic oscillator-energy levels and energy eigenfunctions using Frobenius method; Hermite polynomials; ground state, zero point energy & uncertainty principle.

#### **Unit-IV**

(18 Lectures)

Quantum theory of hydrogen-like atoms: time independent Schrodinger equation in spherical polar coordinates; separation of variables for second order partial differential equation; angular momentum operator & quantum numbers; Radial wavefunctions from Frobenius method; shapes of the probability densities for ground & first excited states; Orbital angular momentum quantum numbers l and m; s, p, d,.. shells.

Atoms in Electric & Magnetic Fields: Electron angular momentum. Space quantization. Electron Spin and Spin Angular Momentum. Larmor's Theorem. Spin Magnetic Moment. Stern-Gerlach Experiment. Zeeman Effect: Electron Magnetic Moment and Magnetic Energy, Gyromagnetic Ratio and Bohr Magneton.

## Unit-V

#### (14 Lectures)

Atoms in External Magnetic Fields:- Normal and Anomalous Zeeman Effect. Paschen Back and Stark Effect (Qualitative Discussion only).

Many electron atoms: Pauli's Exclusion Principle. Symmetric & Antisymmetric Wave Functions. Periodic table. Fine structure. Spin orbit coupling. Spectral Notations for Atomic States. Total angular momentum. Vector Model. Spin-orbit coupling in atomsL-S and J-J couplings. Hund's Rule. Term symbols. Spectra of Hydrogen and Alkali Atoms (Na etc.).

- A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, P.M.Mathews and K.Venkatesan, 2nd Ed., 2010, McGraw Hill
- Quantum Mechanics, Robert Eisberg and Robert Resnick, 2nd Edn., 2002, Wiley.
- Quantum Mechanics, Leonard I. Schiff, 3rd Edn. 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Quantum Mechanics, G. Aruldhas, 2nd Edn. 2002, PHI Learning of India.
- Quantum Mechanics, Bruce Cameron Reed, 2008, Jones and Bartlett Learning.
- Quantum Mechanics: Foundations & Applications, Arno Bohm, 3rd Edn., 1993, Springer
- Quantum Mechanics for Scientists & Engineers, D.A.B. Miller, 2008, Cambridge University Press
- Quantum Mechanics, Eugen Merzbacher, 2004, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, D.J. Griffith, 2nd Ed. 2005, Pearson Education

#### L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (12 Lectures)

Crystal Structure: Solids: Amorphous and Crystalline Materials. Lattice Translation Vectors. Lattice with a Basis – Central and Non-Central Elements. Unit Cell. Miller Indices. Reciprocal Lattice. Types of Lattices. Brillouin Zones. Diffraction of X-rays by Crystals. Bragg's Law. Atomic and Geometrical Factor.

## Unit-II

#### (10 Lectures)

Elementary Lattice Dynamics: Lattice Vibrations and Phonons: Linear Monoatomic and Diatomic Chains. Acoustical and Optical Phonons. Qualitative Description of the Phonon Spectrum in Solids. Dulong and Petit's Law, Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat of solids. T<sup>3</sup> law.

#### **Unit-III**

#### (8 Lectures)

Magnetic Properties of Matter: Dia-, Para-, Ferri- and Ferromagnetic Materials. Classical Langevin Theory of dia– and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum Mechanical Treatment of Paramagnetism. Curie's law, Weiss's Theory of Ferromagnetism and Ferromagnetic Domains. Discussion of B-H Curve. Hysteresis and Energy Loss.

## **Unit-IV**

#### (14 Lectures)

Dielectric Properties of Materials: Polarization. Local Electric Field at an Atom. Depolarization Field. Electric Susceptibility. Polarizability. Clausius Mosotti Equation. Classical Theory of Electric Polarizability. Normal and Anomalous Dispersion. Cauchy and Sellmeir relations. Langevin-Debye equation. Complex Dielectric Constant. Optical Phenomena. Application: Plasma Oscillations, Plasma Frequency, Plasmons, TO modes. Ferroelectric Properties of Materials: Structural phase transition, Classification of crystals, Piezoelectric effect, Pyroelectric effect, Ferroelectric effect, Electrostrictive effect, Curie-Weiss Law, Ferroelectric domains, PE hysteresis loop.

## Unit-V

## (16 Lectures)

Elementary band theory: Kronig Penny model. Band Gap. Conductor, Semiconductor (P and N type) and insulator. Conductivity of Semiconductor, mobility, Hall Effect. Measurement of conductivity (04 probe method) & Hall coefficient.

Superconductivity: Experimental Results. Critical Temperature. Critical magnetic field. Meissner effect. Type I and type II Superconductors, London's Equation and Penetration Depth. Isotope effect. Idea of BCS theory (No derivation).

- Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, 8th Edition, 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 4th Edition, 2015, Prentice-Hall of India
- Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- Solid State Physics, N.W. Ashcroft and N.D. Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
- Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H. Luth, 2009, Springer
- Solid State Physics, Rita John, 2014, McGraw Hill
- Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson India
- Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publications

## **BPHY103D-I: Electromagnetic Theory**

## L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (12 Lectures)

Maxwell Equations: Review of Maxwell's equations. Displacement Current. Vector and Scalar Potentials. Gauge Transformations: Lorentz and Coulomb Gauge. Boundary Conditions at Interface between Different Media. Wave Equations. Plane Waves in Dielectric Media. Poynting Theorem and Poynting Vector. Electromagnetic (EM) Energy Density. Physical Concept of Electromagnetic Field Energy Density, Momentum Density and Angular Momentum Density.

## Unit-II

#### (10 Lectures)

EM Wave Propagation in Unbounded Media: Plane EM waves through vacuum and isotropic dielectric medium, transverse nature of plane EM waves, refractive index and dielectric constant, wave impedance. Propagation through conducting media, relaxation time, skin depth. Wave propagation through dilute plasma, electrical conductivity of ionized gases, plasma frequency, refractive index, skin depth, application to propagation through ionosphere.

#### **Unit-III**

#### (10 Lectures)

EM Wave in Bounded Media: Boundary conditions at a plane interface between two media. Reflection & Refraction of plane waves at plane interface between two dielectric media-Laws of Reflection & Refraction. Fresnel's Formulae for perpendicular & parallel polarization cases, Brewster's law. Reflection & Transmission coefficients. Total internal reflection, evanescent waves. Metallic reflection (normal Incidence)

## **Unit-IV**

#### (12 Lectures)

Polarization of Electromagnetic Waves: Description of Linear, Circular and Elliptical Polarization. Propagation of E.M. Waves in Anisotropic Media. Symmetric Nature of Dielectric Tensor. Fresnel's Formula. Uniaxial and Biaxial Crystals. Light Propagation in Uniaxial Crystal. Double Refraction. Polarization by Double Refraction. Nicol Prism. Ordinary & extraordinary refractive indices. Production & detection of Plane, Circularly and Elliptically Polarized Light. Phase Retardation Plates: Quarter-Wave and Half-Wave Plates. Babinet Compensator and its Uses. Analysis of Polarized Light.

## Unit-V

## (16 Lectures)

Rotatory Polarization: Optical Rotation. Biot's Laws for Rotatory Polarization. Fresnel's Theory of optical rotation. Calculation of angle of rotation. Experimental verification of Fresnel's theory. Specific rotation. Laurent's half-shade polarimeter.

Wave Guides: Planar optical wave guides. Planar dielectric wave guide. Condition of continuity at interface. Phase shift on total reflection. Eigenvalue equations. Phase and group velocity of guided waves. Field energy and Power transmission.

Optical Fibres:- Numerical Aperture. Step and Graded Indices (Definitions Only). Single and Multiple Mode Fibres (Concept and Definition Only)..

- Introduction to Electrodynamics, D.J. Griffiths, 3rd Ed., 1998, Benjamin Cummings.
- Elements of Electromagnetics, M.N.O. Sadiku, 2001, Oxford University Press.
- Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory, T.L. Chow, 2006, Jones & Bartlett Learning
- Fundamentals of Electromagnetics, M.A.W. Miah, 1982, Tata McGraw Hill
- Electromagnetic field Theory, R.S. Kshetrimayun, 2012, Cengage Learning
- Engineering Electromagnetic, Willian H. Hayt, 8th Edition, 2012, McGraw Hill.
- Electromagnetic Field Theory for Engineers & Physicists, G. Lehner, 2010, Springer
- Electromagnetic Fields & Waves, P.Lorrain & D.Corson, 1970, W.H.Freeman & Co.
- Electromagnetics, J.A. Edminster, Schaum Series, 2006, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Electromagnetic field theory fundamentals, B. Guru and H. Hiziroglu, 2004, Cambridge University Press

## **BPHY103D-II: Statistical Mechanics**

## L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (18 Lectures)

Classical Statistics: Macrostate & Microstate, Elementary Concept of Ensemble, Phase Space, Entropy and Thermodynamic Probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann Distribution Law, Partition Function, Thermodynamic Functions of an Ideal Gas, Classical Entropy Expression, Gibbs Paradox, Sackur Tetrode equation, Law of Equipartition of Energy (with proof) – Applications to Specific Heat and its Limitations, Thermodynamic Functions of a Two-Energy Levels System, Negative Temperature.

## Unit-II

#### (8 Lectures)

Classical Theory of Radiation: Properties of Thermal Radiation. Blackbody Radiation. Pure temperature dependence. Kirchhoff's law. Stefan-Boltzmann law: Thermodynamic proof. Radiation Pressure. Wien's Displacement law. Wien's Distribution Law. Saha's Ionization Formula. Rayleigh-Jean's Law. Ultraviolet Catastrophe.

### **Unit-III**

#### (6 Lectures)

Quantum Theory of Radiation: Spectral Distribution of Black Body Radiation. Planck's Quantum Postulates. Planck's Law of Blackbody Radiation: Experimental Verification.
Deduction of (1) Wien's Distribution Law, (2) Rayleigh-Jeans Law, (3) Stefan-Boltzmann Law, (4) Wien's Displacement law from Planck's law.

## **Unit-IV**

#### (14 Lectures)

Bose-Einstein Statistics: B-E distribution law, Thermodynamic functions of a strongly Degenerate Bose Gas, Bose Einstein condensation, properties of liquid He (qualitative description), Radiation as a photon gas and Thermodynamic functions of photon gas. Bose derivation of Planck's law.

## Unit-V

## (14 Lectures)

Fermi-Dirac Statistics: Fermi-Dirac Distribution Law, Thermodynamic functions of a Completely and strongly Degenerate Fermi Gas, Fermi Energy, Electron gas in a Metal, Specific Heat of Metals, Relativistic Fermi gas, White Dwarf Stars, Chandrasekhar Mass Limit.

- Statistical Mechanics, R.K. Pathria, Butterworth Heinemann: 2nd Ed., 1996, Oxford University Press.
- Statistical Physics, Berkeley Physics Course, F. Reif, 2008, Tata McGraw-Hill
- Statistical and Thermal Physics, S. Lokanathan and R.S. Gambhir. 1991, Prentice Hall
- Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory and Statistical Thermodynamics, Francis W. Sears and Gerhard L. Salinger, 1986, Narosa
- Modern Thermodynamics with Statistical Mechanics, Carl S. Helrich, 2009, Springer
- An Introduction to Statistical Mechanics & Thermodynamics, R.H. Swendsen, 2012, Oxford Univ. Press

## **BPHY104D-I: Experimental Techniques**

## L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (8 Lectures)

Measurements: Accuracy and precision. Significant figures. Error and uncertainty analysis. Types of errors: Gross error, systematic error, random error. Statistical analysis of data (Arithmetic mean, deviation from mean, average deviation, standard deviation, chi-square) and curve fitting. Guassian distribution.

#### Unit-II

#### (10 Lectures)

Signals and Systems: Periodic and aperiodic signals. Impulse response, transfer function and frequency response of first and second order systems. Fluctuations and Noise in measurement system. S/N ratio and Noise figure. Noise in frequency domain. Sources of Noise: Inherent fluctuations, Thermal noise, Shot noise, 1/f noise

Shielding and Grounding: Methods of safety grounding. Energy coupling. Grounding. Shielding: Electrostatic shielding. Electromagnetic Interference.

## Unit-III

#### (20 Lectures)

Transducers & industrial instrumentation (working principle, efficiency, applications): Static and dynamic characteristics of measurement Systems. Generalized performance of systems, Zero order first order, second order and higher order systems. Electrical, Thermal and Mechanical systems. Calibration. Transducers and sensors. Characteristics of Transducers. Transducers as electrical element and their signal conditioning. Temperature transducers: RTD, Thermistor, Thermocouples, Semiconductor type temperature sensors (AD590, LM35, LM75) and signal conditioning. Linear Position transducer: Strain gauge, Piezoelectric. Inductance change transducer: Linear variable differential transformer (LVDT), Capacitance change transducers. Radiation Sensors: Principle of Gas filled detector, ionization chamber, scintillation detector.

## Unit-IV

## (10 Lectures)

Digital Multimeter: Comparison of analog and digital instruments. Block diagram of digital multimeter, principle of measurement of I, V, C. Accuracy and resolution of measurement.

Impedance Bridges and Q-meter: Block diagram and working principles of RLC bridge. Q-meter and its working operation. Digital LCR bridge..

## Unit-V

#### (12 Lectures)

Vacuum Systems: Characteristics of vacuum: Gas law, Mean free path. Application of vacuum. Vacuum system- Chamber, Mechanical pumps, Diffusion pump & Turbo Modular pump, Pumping speed, Pressure gauges (Pirani, Penning, ionization).

- Measurement, Instrumentation and Experiment Design in Physics and Engineering, M. Sayer and A. Mansingh, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Experimental Methods for Engineers, J.P. Holman, McGraw Hill
- Introduction to Measurements and Instrumentation, A.K. Ghosh, 3rd Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Transducers and Instrumentation, D.V.S. Murty, 2nd Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Instrumentation Devices and Systems, C.S. Rangan, G.R. Sarma, V.S.V. Mani, Tata McGraw Hill
- Principles of Electronic Instrumentation, D. Patranabis, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Electronic circuits: Handbook of design & applications, U.Tietze, Ch.Schenk, Springer

## **BPHY104D-II: Embedded systems- Introduction to Microcontroller**

## L T P 4 0 0

## Unit-I

#### (8 Lectures)

Embedded system introduction: Introduction to embedded systems and general purpose computer systems, architecture of embedded system, classifications, applications and purpose of embedded systems, challenges & design issues in embedded systems, operational and non-operational quality attributes of embedded systems, elemental description of embedded processors and microcontrollers.

Review of microprocessors: Organization of Microprocessor based system, 8085µp pin diagram and architecture, concept of data bus and address bus, 8085 programming model, instruction classification, subroutines, stacks and its implementation, delay subroutines, hardware and software interrupts.

## Unit-II

#### (16 Lectures)

8051 microcontroller: Introduction and block diagram of 8051 microcontroller, architecture of 8051, overview of 8051 family, 8051 assembly language programming, Program Counter and ROM memory map, Data types and directives, Flag bits and Program Status Word (PSW) register, Jump, loop and call instructions.

8051 I/O port programming: Introduction of I/O port programming, pin out diagram of 8051 microcontroller, I/O port pins description & their functions, I/O port programming in 8051 (using assembly language), I/O programming: Bit manipulation..

### Unit-III

#### (12 Lectures)

Programming: 8051 addressing modes and accessing memory using various addressing modes, assembly language instructions using each addressing mode, arithmetic and logic instructions, 8051 programming in C: for time delay & I/O operations and manipulation, for arithmetic and logic operations, for ASCII and BCD conversions.

## Unit-IV

## (12 Lectures)

Timer and counter programming: Programming 8051 timers, counter programming.

Serial port programming with and without interrupt: Introduction to 8051 interrupts, programming timer interrupts, programming external hardware interrupts and serial communication interrupt, interrupt priority in the 8051.

Interfacing 8051 microcontroller to peripherals: Parallel and serial ADC, DAC interfacing, LCD interfacing..

## Unit-V

## (12 Lectures)

Programming Embedded Systems: Structure of embedded program, infinite loop, compiling, linking and locating, downloading and debugging.

Embedded system design and development: Embedded system development environment, file types generated after cross compilation, disassembler/ decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging, embedded product development life-cycle, trends in embedded industry.

Introduction to Arduino: Pin diagram and description of Arduino UNO. Basic programming.

- Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming & Design, R.Kamal, 2008,Tata McGraw Hill
- The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C, M.A. Mazidi, J.G. Mazidi, and R.D. McKinlay, 2nd Ed., 2007, Pearson Education India.
- Embedded microcomputor system: Real time interfacing, J.W.Valvano, 2000, Brooks/Cole
- Microcontrollers in practice, I. Susnea and M. Mitescu, 2005, Springer.
- Embedded Systems: Design & applications, S.F. Barrett, 2008, Pearson Education India Embedded Microcomputer systems: Real time interfacing, J.W. Valvano 2011, Cengage Learning

# **Skill Based: Skill Enhancement Courses**

## **BPHY101SB: Physics Workshop Skills**

# LTP

4 0 0

The aim of this course is to enable the students to familiar and experience with various mechanical and electrical tools through hands-on mode

**Introduction:** Measuring units. conversion to SI and CGS. Familiarization with meter scale, Vernier calliper, Screw gauge and their utility. Measure the dimension of a solid block, volume of cylindrical beaker/glass, diameter of a thin wire, thickness of metal sheet, etc. Use of Sextant to measure height of buildings, mountains, etc

**Mechanical Skill:** Concept of workshop practice. Overview of manufacturing methods: casting, foundry, machining, forming and welding. Types of welding joints and welding defects. Common materials used for manufacturing like steel, copper, iron, metal sheets, composites and alloy, wood. Concept of machine processing, introduction to common machine tools like lathe, shaper, drilling, milling and surface machines. Cutting tools, lubricating oils. Cutting of a metal sheet using blade. Smoothening of cutting edge of sheet using file. Drilling of holes of different diameter in metal sheet and wooden block. Use of bench vice and tools for fitting. Make funnel using metal sheet.

**Electrical and Electronic Skill:** Use of Multimeter. Soldering of electrical circuits having discrete components (R, L, C, diode) and ICs on PCB. Operation of oscilloscope. Making regulated power supply. Timer circuit, Electronic switch using transistor and relay.

**Introduction to prime movers:** Mechanism, gear system, wheel, Fixing of gears with motor axel. Lever mechanism, Lifting of heavy weight using lever. braking systems, pulleys, working principle of power generation systems. Demonstration of pulley experiment.

- A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S. Chand and Company.
- Performance and design of AC machines M.G. Say, ELBS Edn.
- Mechanical workshop practice, K.C. John, 2010, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Workshop Processes, Practices and Materials, Bruce J Black 2005, 3rd Edn., Editor Newnes [ISBN: 0750660732]
- New Engineering Technology, Lawrence Smyth/Liam Hennessy, The Educational Company of Ireland [ISBN: 0861674480]

## **BPHY102SB: Electrical circuits and Network Skills**

# LTP

4 0 0

The aim of this course is to enable the students to design and trouble shoots the electrical circuits, networks and appliances through hands-on mode

**Basic Electricity Principles:** Voltage, Current, Resistance, and Power. Ohm's law. Series, parallel, and series-parallel combinations. AC Electricity and DC Electricity. Familiarization with multimeter, voltmeter and ammeter.

**Understanding Electrical Circuits:** Main electric circuit elements and their combination. Rules to analyze DC sourced electrical circuits. Current and voltage drop across the DC circuit elements. Single-phase and three-phase alternating current sources. Rules to analyze AC sourced electrical circuits. Real, imaginary and complex power components of AC source. Power factor. Saving energy and money.

**Electrical Drawing and Symbols:** Drawing symbols. Blueprints. Reading Schematics. Ladder diagrams. Electrical Schematics. Power circuits. Control circuits. Reading of circuit schematics. Tracking the connections of elements and identify current flow and voltage drop.

Generators and Transformers: DC Power sources. AC/DC generators. Inductance, capacitance, and impedance. Operation of transformers.

**Electric Motors:** Single-phase, three-phase & DC motors. Basic design. Interfacing DC or AC sources to control heaters & motors. Speed & power of ac motor.

**Solid-State Devices:** Resistors, inductors and capacitors. Diode and rectifiers. Components in Series or in shunt. Response of inductors and capacitors with DC or AC sources

**Electrical Protection:** Relays. Fuses and disconnect switches. Circuit breakers. Overload devices. Ground-fault protection. Grounding and isolating. Phase reversal. Surge protection. Interfacing DC or AC sources to control elements (relay protection device)

**Electrical Wiring:** Different types of conductors and cables. Basics of wiring-Star and delta connection. Voltage drop and losses across cables and conductors. Instruments to measure current, voltage, power in DC and AC circuits. Insulation. Solid and stranded cable. Conduit. Cable trays. Splices: wirenuts, crimps, terminal blocks, split bolts, and solder. Preparation of extension board.

- A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S Chand & Co.
- A text book of Electrical Technology A K Theraja
- Performance and design of AC machines M G Say ELBS Edn.

## **BPHY103SB: Renewable Energy and Energy harvesting**

# LTP

The aim of this course is not just to impart theoretical knowledge to the students but to provide them with exposure and hands-on learning wherever possible

**Fossil fuels and Alternate Sources of energy:** Fossil fuels and nuclear energy, their limitation, need of renewable energy, non-conventional energy sources. An overview of developments in Offshore Wind Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave energy systems, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion, solar energy, biomass, biochemical conversion, biogas generation, geothermal energy tidal energy, Hydroelectricity.

**Solar energy:** Solar energy, its importance, storage of solar energy, solar pond, non convective solar pond, applications of solar pond and solar energy, solar water heater, flat plate collector, solar distillation, solar cooker, solar green houses, solar cell, absorption air conditioning. Need and characteristics of photovoltaic (PV) systems, PV models and equivalent circuits, and sun tracking systems.

Wind Energy harvesting: Fundamentals of Wind energy, Wind Turbines and different electrical machines in wind turbines, Power electronic interfaces, and grid interconnection topologies.

**Ocean Energy:** Ocean Energy Potential against Wind and Solar, Wave Characteristics and Statistics, Wave Energy Devices.

Tide characteristics and Statistics, Tide Energy Technologies, Ocean Thermal Energy, Osmotic Power, Ocean Bio-mass.

**Geothermal Energy:** Geothermal Resources, Geothermal Technologies. (2 Lectures) Hydro Energy: Hydropower resources, hydropower technologies, environmental impact of hydro power sources. (2 Lectures) Piezoelectric Energy harvesting: Introduction, Physics and characteristics of piezoelectric effect, materials and mathematical description of piezoelectricity, Piezoelectric parameters and modeling piezoelectric generators, Piezoelectric energy harvesting applications, Human power

**Electromagnetic Energy Harvesting:** Linear generators, physics mathematical models, recent applications

Carbon captured technologies, cell, batteries, power consumption

Environmental issues and Renewable sources of energy, sustainability.

## **Demonstrations and Experiments:**

- 1. Demonstration of Training modules on Solar energy, wind energy, etc.
- 2. Conversion of vibration to voltage using piezoelectric materials
- 3. Conversion of thermal energy into voltage using thermoelectric modules

- Non-conventional energy sources G.D Rai Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- Solar energy M P Agarwal S Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Solar energy Suhas P Sukhative Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a sustainable future", 2004, Oxford University Press, in association with The Open University.
- Dr. P Jayakumar, Solar Energy: Resource Assesment Handbook, 2009
- J.Balfour, M.Shaw and S. Jarosek, Photovoltaics, Lawrence J Goodrich (USA).
- <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Renewable\_energy</u>

## **BPHY104SB: Applied Optics**

Theory includes only qualitative explanation. Minimum five experiments should be performed covering minimum three sections

## (I) Sources and Detectors

Lasers, Spontaneous and stimulated emissions, Theory of laser action, Einstein's coefficients, Light amplification, Characterization of laser beam, He-Ne laser, Semiconductor lasers.

## **Experiments on Lasers:**

- a. Determination of the grating radial spacing of the Compact Disc (CD) by reflection using He-Ne or solid-state laser.
- b. To find the width of the wire or width of the slit using diffraction pattern obtained by a He-Ne or solid-state laser.
- c. To find the polarization angle of laser light using polarizer and analyzer
- d. Thermal expansion of quartz using laser

## **Experiments on Semiconductor Sources and Detectors:**

- a. V-I characteristics of LED
- b. Study the characteristics of solid-state laser
- c. Study the characteristics of LDR
- d. Photovoltaic Cell
- e. Characteristics of IR sensor

## (II) Fourier Optics

Concept of Spatial frequency filtering, Fourier transforming property of a thin lens

## **Experiments on Fourier Optics:**

## a. Fourier optic and image processing

- 1. Optical image addition/subtraction
- 2. Optical image differentiation
- 3. Fourier optical filtering
- 4. Construction of an optical 4f system

## **b.** Fourier Transform Spectroscopy

Fourier Transform Spectroscopy (FTS) is a powerful method for measuring emission and absorption spectra, with wide application in atmospheric remote sensing, NMR spectrometry and forensic science.

## **Experiment:**

To study the interference pattern from a Michelson interferometer as a function of mirror separation in the interferometer. The resulting interferogram is the Fourier transform of the power spectrum of the source. Analysis of experimental interferograms allows one to determine the transmission characteristics of several interference filters. Computer simulation can also be done.

## (III) Holography

Basic principle and theory: coherence, resolution, Types of holograms, white light reflection hologram, application of holography in microscopy, interferometry, and character recognition

## Experiments on Holography and interferometry:

- 1. Recording and reconstructing holograms
- 2. Constructing a Michelson interferometer or a Fabry Perot interferometer
- 3. Measuring the refractive index of air
- 4. Constructing a Sagnac interferometer
- 5. Constructing a Mach-Zehnder interferometer
- 6. White light Hologram

## (IV) Photonics: Fibre Optics

Optical fibres and their properties, Principal of light propagation through a fibre, The numerical aperture, Attenuation in optical fibre and attenuation limit, Single mode and multimode fibres, Fibre optic sensors: Fibre Bragg Grating

## **Experiments on Photonics: Fibre Optics**

- a. To measure the numerical aperture of an optical fibre
- b. To study the variation of the bending loss in a multimode fibre

c. To determine the mode field diameter (MFD) of fundamental mode in a single-mode fibre by measurements of its far field Gaussian pattern

d. To measure the near field intensity profile of a fibre and study its refractive index profile

e. To determine the power loss at a splice between two multimode fibre

- Fundamental of optics, F. A. Jenkins & H. E. White, 1981, Tata McGraw hill.
- LASERS: Fundamentals & applications, K.Thyagrajan & A.K.Ghatak, 2010, Tata McGraw Hill
- Fibre optics through experiments, M.R.Shenoy, S.K.Khijwania, et.al. 2009, Viva Books
- Nonlinear Optics, Robert W. Boyd, (Chapter-I), 2008, Elsevier.
- Optics, Karl Dieter Moller, Learning by computing with model examples, 2007, Springer.
- Optical Systems and Processes, Joseph Shamir, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Optoelectronic Devices and Systems, S.C. Gupta, 2005, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Optical Physics, A.Lipson, S.G.Lipson, H.Lipson, 4th Edn., 1996, Cambridge Univ. Press

## **BPHY105SB: Weather Forecasting**

# LTP

The aim of this course is not just to impart theoretical knowledge to the students but to enable them to develop an awareness and understanding regarding the causes and effects of different weather phenomenon and basic forecasting techniques

**Introduction to atmosphere:** Elementary idea of atmosphere: physical structure and composition; compositional layering of the atmosphere; variation of pressure and temperature with height; air temperature; requirements to measure air temperature; temperature sensors: types; atmospheric pressure: its measurement; cyclones and anticyclones: its characteristics.

**Measuring the weather:** Wind; forces acting to produce wind; wind speed direction: units, its direction; measuring wind speed and direction; humidity, clouds and rainfall, radiation: absorption, emission and scattering in atmosphere; radiation laws.

**Weather systems:** Global wind systems; air masses and fronts: classifications; jet streams; local thunderstorms; tropical cyclones: classification; tornadoes; hurricanes.

**Climate and Climate Change:** Climate: its classification; causes of climate change; global warming and its outcomes; air pollution; aerosols, ozone depletion, acid rain, environmental issues related to climate.

**Basics of weather forecasting:** Weather forecasting: analysis and its historical background; need of measuring weather; types of weather forecasting; weather forecasting methods; criteria of choosing weather station; basics of choosing site and exposure; satellites observations in weather forecasting; weather maps; uncertainty and predictability; probability forecasts.

## **Demonstrations and Experiments:**

- 1. Study of synoptic charts & weather reports, working principle of weather station.
- 2. Processing and analysis of weather data:
  - a) To calculate the sunniest time of the year.
  - b) To study the variation of rainfall amount and intensity by wind direction.
  - c) To observe the sunniest/driest day of the week.
  - d) To examine the maximum and minimum temperature throughout the year.
  - e) To evaluate the relative humidity of the day.
  - f) To examine the rainfall amount month wise.

- 3. Exercises in chart reading: Plotting of constant pressure charts, surfaces charts, upper wind charts and its analysis.
- 4. Formats and elements in different types of weather forecasts/ warning (both aviation and non aviation)

- Aviation Meteorology, I.C. Joshi, 3rd edition 2014, Himalayan Books
- The weather Observers Hand book, Stephen Burt, 2012, Cambridge University Press.
- Meteorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2001, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
- Text Book of Agrometeorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2005, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
- Why the weather, Charls Franklin Brooks, 1924, Chpraman & Hall, London.
- Atmosphere and Ocean, John G. Harvey, 1995, The Artemis Press.